

**NALSAR PROXIMATE EDUCATION
NALSAR UNIVERSITY OF LAW, HYDERABAD
P.G DIPLOMA IN INTERNATIONAL HUMANITARIAN LAW**

2012 – 2013

PAPER II – PROTECTION OF DEFENSELESS VICTIMS OF WAR AND ARMED CONFLICTS

Time: 3 hours

Total marks: 100

INSTRUCTIONS TO CANDIDATES

- 1. No clarifications can be sought on the question paper from the invigilator.**
- 2. Candidates are permitted to carry the bare texts of IHL Instruments and Codes.**
- 3. All questions carry equal marks (20 marks each).**
- 4. Clearly indicate the question numbers while answering them.**

Answer question number 1 which is compulsory and any FOUR others

1. Write short notes on any FOUR of the following:
 - a. Protection of the IDPs under IHL
 - b. Internee
 - c. Occupying power
 - d. Red crystal
 - e. Refugees under IHL
 - f. Non-international armed conflict
2. Briefly explain and critically evaluate the nature and extent of protection available under international humanitarian law for the wounded and the sick in the armed forces at sea. How is this protection ensured?
3. What is meant by 'common articles' in International Humanitarian Laws? What is their significance? Illustrate your answer with suitable examples.
4. What is meant by 'humanitarian emergencies'? How are the civilians protected under such humanitarian emergencies? Give suitable illustrations.
5. Who is a child soldier? How are the child soldiers sought to be protected under International Humanitarian Laws? Give suitable examples.
6. How are the women protected under International Humanitarian Laws? Illustrate your answer with suitable examples.
7. What is meant by 'grave breaches' under international humanitarian law? What are the consequences of such breaches? Briefly explain the same with suitable examples.
8. What is the significance of ICRC emblems, both during or after war? Is there any misuse of this emblem during or after war? Explain the same with suitable examples.
9. What are the distinctions if any between 'combatants' and 'non-combatants'? How are the non-combatants protected under International Humanitarian Laws? Give suitable examples.